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$$\sqrt{ab} < \frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} < \frac{a+b}{2}. \quad (a, b)$$

开, ,

$$(na_{n-1} - 2)a_n = (2a_n - 1)a_{n-1} \quad (n \geq 2), \quad b_n = \frac{1}{a_n} - n \quad (n \in N^*).$$

$$(1) \quad a_1 = 3, \quad \{b_n\},$$

$$(2) \quad k \in N^*, \quad \text{很 } \frac{1}{a_k}, \frac{1}{a_{k+1}}, \frac{1}{a_{k+2}}$$

$$\{a_n\} \quad \text{开,}$$

$$\ln n + \frac{1}{2}a_n > \ln(n+1) - \frac{1}{2}a_{n+1}.$$

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$$\ln n + \frac{1}{2}a_n > \ln(n+1) - \frac{1}{2}a_{n+1}, \quad \frac{1}{2}(a_n + a_{n+1}) > \ln \frac{n+1}{n},$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n}, \quad \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} > 2 \ln \frac{n+1}{n}.$$

$$t = \frac{n+1}{n}, \quad \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} = t - 1 + \frac{t-1}{t} = t - \frac{1}{t}, \quad t > 1,$$

$$t > 1, \quad t - \frac{1}{t} > 2 \ln t.$$

$$f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x} - 2 \ln x \quad (x > 1), \quad f'(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{x} = \left(\frac{1}{x} - 1\right)^2 > 0,$$

$$f(x) \quad (1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) > f(1) = 0, \quad x - \frac{1}{x} > 2 \ln x,$$

$$t > 1, \quad t - \frac{1}{t} > 2 \ln t, \quad \text{开很}$$

受 $\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} > 2 \ln \frac{n+1}{n}$. $\frac{1}{2n} + \frac{1}{2(n+1)} > \ln(n+1) - \ln n$,

$$\frac{2n(n+1)}{n+(n+1)} < \frac{1}{\ln(n+1) - \ln n},$$

$$\sqrt{ab} < \frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} < \frac{a+b}{2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{n(n+1)} < \frac{n+1-n}{\ln(n+1) - \ln n},$$

$$\frac{2n(n+1)}{n+n+1} < \sqrt{n(n+1)} \quad n+(n+1) > 2\sqrt{n+(n+1)}.$$

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$$f(x) = 2 \ln x + \frac{1}{2} x^2 - ax \quad a \in \mathbf{R}$$

$a=3$ $f(x)$,

$$f(x) \quad x=x_0 \quad y=g(x) \quad y=f(x)-g(x) \quad (0 \quad +\infty)$$

$$x_0 \quad ,$$

$$y=f(x)$$

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$$f(x)$$

$$T_1(x_1 \quad y_1) \quad T_2(x_2 \quad y_2)$$

$$0 < x_1 < x_2 \quad T_1 \quad l_1 \quad y-f(x_1) = f'(x_1)(x-x_1)$$

$$T_2 \quad l_2 \quad y-f(x_2) = f'(x_2)(x-x_2)$$

$$l_1 \quad l_2 \quad \begin{cases} f'(x_1) = f'(x_2) \\ f(x_1) - x_1 f'(x_1) = f(x_2) - x_2 f'(x_2). \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{2}{x_1} + x_1 - a = \frac{2}{x_2} + x_2 - a \\ 2 \ln x_1 + \frac{1}{2} x_1^2 - ax_1 - x_1 \left(\frac{2}{x_1} + x_1 - a \right) = 2 \ln x_2 + \frac{1}{2} x_2^2 - ax_2 - x_2 \left(\frac{2}{x_2} + x_2 - a \right). \end{cases}$$

很 $\begin{cases} x_1 x_2 = 2 \\ 2 \ln x_1 - \frac{1}{2} x_1^2 = 2 \ln x_2 - \frac{1}{2} x_2^2. \end{cases}$

$$x_2 \text{ 很 } 2 \ln \frac{x_1^2}{2} + \frac{2}{x_1^2} - \frac{x_1^2}{2} = 0$$

$$t = \frac{x_1^2}{2} \quad 0 < x_1 < x_2 \quad x_1 x_2 = 2 \quad \text{很 } t \in (0 \quad 1)$$

$$p(t) = 2 \ln t + \frac{1}{t} - t \quad p'(t) = \frac{2}{t} - \frac{1}{t^2} - 1 = -\frac{(t-1)^2}{t^2} < 0$$

$$p(t) \quad (0 \quad 1) \quad p(t) > p(1) = 0$$

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$f(x)$

受 $f'(x_1) = f'(x_2) = \frac{f(x_1) - f(x_2)}{x_1 - x_2},$

$$\frac{2}{x_1} + x_1 - a = \frac{2}{x_2} + x_2 - a = \frac{2(\ln x_1 - \ln x_2) + \frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 - x_2^2) - a(x_1 - x_2)}{x_1 - x_2}$$

很 $\frac{2}{x_1} + x_1 = \frac{2}{x_2} + x_2 = \frac{2(\ln x_1 - \ln x_2)}{x_1 - x_2} + \frac{1}{2}(x_1 + x_2),$

$$\frac{2}{x_1} + x_1 = \frac{2}{x_2} + x_2 = \frac{2(\ln x_1 - \ln x_2)}{x_1 - x_2} + \frac{1}{2}(x_1 + x_2) = t.$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{2}{x_1} + x_1 = t \\ \frac{2}{x_2} + x_2 = t \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1 x_2 = 2 \\ x_1 + x_2 = t \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{2(\ln x_1 - \ln x_2)}{x_1 - x_2} + \frac{1}{2}(x_1 + x_2) = x_1 + x_2$$

很 $\frac{x_1 - x_2}{\ln x_1 - \ln x_2} = \frac{4}{x_1 + x_2}, \quad \sqrt{x_1 x_2} < \frac{x_1 - x_2}{\ln x_1 - \ln x_2} < \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$

$$\sqrt{2} < \frac{4}{x_1 + x_2} < \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 < 2\sqrt{2} \\ x_1 + x_2 > 2\sqrt{2} \end{cases}$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{a}{x} + \ln x (a \in R)$$

$f(x)$ $x_1, x_2.$

$$p = x_1 f'(x_1) + x_2 f'(x_2) = 1 - \frac{a}{x_1} + 1 - \frac{a}{x_2} = 2 - \left(\frac{a}{x_1} + \frac{a}{x_2} \right).$$

$$\begin{cases} \ln x_1 + \frac{a}{x_1} = 0 \\ \ln x_2 + \frac{a}{x_2} = 0, \end{cases} p = 2 + \ln(x_1 x_2).$$

$$x_1 x_2 > a^2$$

$$x_1 x_2 > a^2 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x_1 x_2} > a \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x_1 x_2} > \frac{\ln x_1 - \ln x_2}{\frac{1}{x_2} - \frac{1}{x_1}} \quad a$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x_1 x_2} > \frac{\ln x_1 - \ln x_2}{x_1 - x_2} \cdot x_1 x_2 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x_1 x_2} < \frac{x_1 - x_2}{\ln x_1 - \ln x_2}.$$

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$$\sqrt{ab} < \frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} < \frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$a > b > 0 \quad \sqrt{ab} < \frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} \Leftrightarrow \ln \frac{a}{b} < \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} - \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = t (t > 1) \quad f(t) = 2 \ln t - t + \frac{1}{t} (t > 1)$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{2}{t} - 1 - \frac{1}{t^2} = \frac{-(t+1)^2}{t^2} < 0 \quad f(t) \quad (1, +\infty) \quad \because f(1) = 0$$

$$t > 1 \quad f(t) = 2 \ln t - t + \frac{1}{t} < 0 \quad \ln \frac{a}{b} < \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} - \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}$$

$$\frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} < \frac{a+b}{2} \Leftrightarrow \ln \frac{a}{b} > \frac{2(\frac{a}{b} - 1)}{\frac{a}{b} + 1}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = t (t > 1) \quad g(t) = \ln t - \frac{2(t-1)}{t+1} (t > 1)$$

$$g'(t) = \frac{1}{t} - \frac{4}{(t+1)^2} = \frac{(t-1)^2}{t(t+1)^2} > 0 \quad g(t) \quad (1, +\infty) \quad \because g(1) = 0$$

$$t > 1 \quad \ln t - \frac{2(t-1)}{t+1} > 0 \quad \frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} < \frac{a+b}{2}$$

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$$a < \frac{2}{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}} < \sqrt{ab} < \frac{a-b}{\ln a - \ln b} < \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + b^2}{2}} < b \quad (0 < a < b), \quad x = \frac{b}{a},$$

$$x \in (1, +\infty) \quad 1 < \frac{2x}{1+x} < \sqrt{x} < \frac{x-1}{\ln x} < \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{2}} < x,$$

$$x \in (0, 1) \quad x < \frac{2x}{1+x} < \sqrt{x} < \frac{x-1}{\ln x} < \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{2}} < 1,$$

$$e^{x_1} \quad a, \quad e^{x_2} \quad b, \quad \text{很} \quad \text{开 } e^{\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}} < \frac{e^{x_1} - e^{x_2}}{x_1 - x_2} < \frac{e^{x_1} + e^{x_2}}{2},$$

$$n = a, n+1 = b$$

